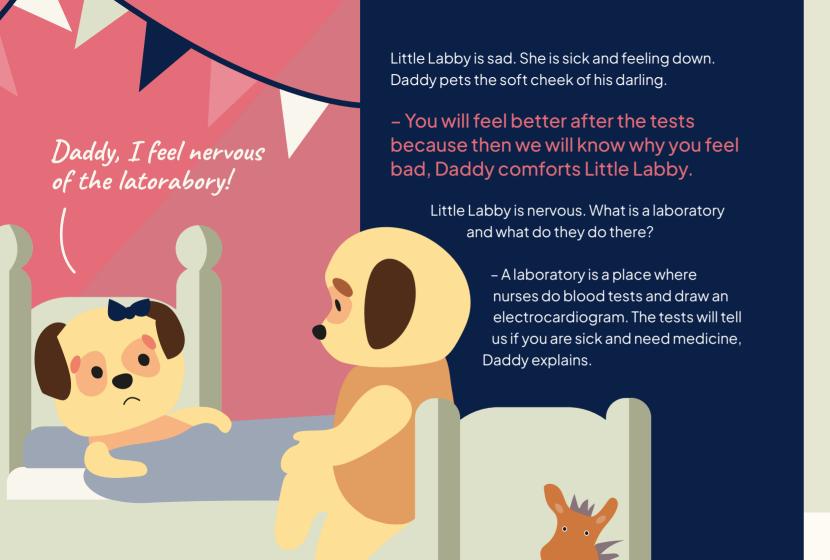
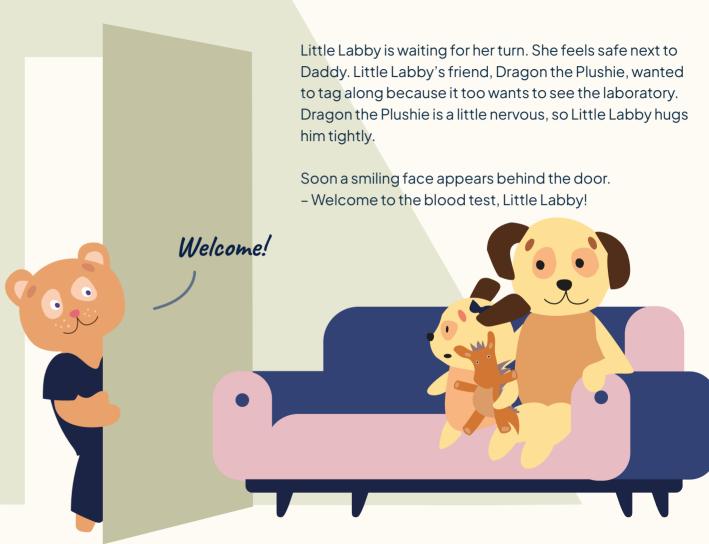
Fimlab Little Labby at the Laboratory

Blood test and electrocardiogram









Little Labby sits down in the blood sampling chair and looks around. There are so many interesting things in the room!

- Let's put this elastic band called tourniquet around your paw. It can feel a little tight. The tourniquet makes your veins more visible, the nurse says and wipes the sample collection site with a small pad.

The nurse shows the needle that he will use to take the sample. Little Labby is now very nervous. Daddy takes Little Labby's paw and whispers:

- It will be alright, sweetheart.

Little Labby squeezes her eyes shut. She feels a small sting in her arm. Then Little Labby waits – but there is no more pain. Little Labby peeks and sees that the small sample tube is filled with red liquid.

- You are so brave, Little Labby! Well done! Now, I'm going to cover the injection site with a small pad, the nurse smiles.

The sample has been taken. It stung a little but was over quickly. Little Labby gets a sticker as a memory of the new experience and her bravery.



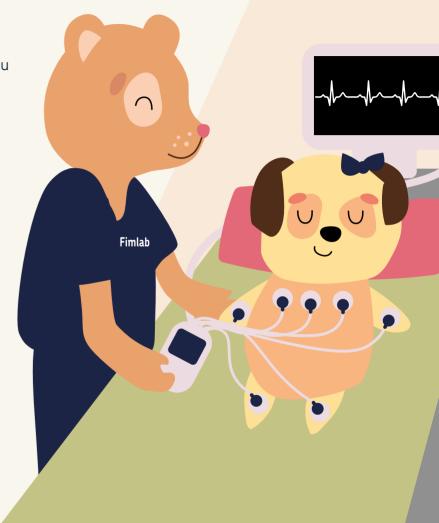


- Hello, Little Labby! I see you have been waiting a little while, so now you are ready for the electrocardiogram. Let's see how well you can relax, the nurse says.

Well, the nurse is in for a surprise

– Little Labby is the master of
relaxation! Just a little spark of
magic and wow, she can now be
called Laid-back Labby.

Little Labby follows closely when the nurse attaches stickers to her chest, wrists and ankles. When the stickers are in place, wires are connected to them.





Budum, budum, beats Little Labby's heart. The electrocardiogram, or ECG, monitors Little Labby's heart and draws a diagram of her heartbeat on the machine screen. A doctor will analyse the diagram drawn by the pulse to see whether the heart is working correctly.

- Good job staying still! the nurse praises Little Labby and removes the stickers attached to her body.

Before Little Labby leaves the examination room, the nurse gives her something.

- You can choose any sticker you like as a memory of this visit.

Little Labby's exciting laboratory adventure was over in a flash. Happy Little Labby is proud of her new experiences, the plaster and stickers, and the nurses' praises. She feels like a majestic lion.

- Daddy, what happens next? Little Labby is curious.

Daddy answers that the sample and electrocardiogram will be analysed. In a few days, a doctor will call and explain how to make Little Labby feel better.



What is blood and what does it do?

The human body is an incredible system that needs to be taken care of. Sometimes our bodies don't work as they should. That's why you can feel uncomfortable and sick. Laboratory tests help us learn how to get better.



Blood is a red liquid that runs in the veins. Blood delivers oxygen and nutrients to the body. Blood consists mostly of blood plasma. Red and white blood cells and platelets swim in blood plasma.



Red blood cells transport oxygen very fast. When you breathe in, oxygen flows into the lungs. Red blood cells dash to the lungs to pick up the oxygen. In red blood cells, oxygen travels in an iron seat called haemoglobin. Red blood cells give oxygen a tour around the body.



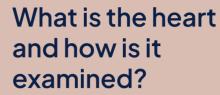
White blood cells are tiny ninjas that defend thebody from various bugs, or pathogens.



Platelets help blood coagulate. If you get a cut, platelets hurry to the scene, grab each other and form a tight-knit net where the blood slowly coagulates. This creates a scab.



Veins are long and narrow tunnels under the skin.
Blood carries important substances through the veins to every part of the body.



The heart is an organ pounding in your chest. Its role is to circulate blood around the body. The pounding of the heart is called pulse.





The heart is examined by drawing an **electrocardiogram**, **or ECG**. The stickers attached to the patient's chest, ankles and wrists are called electrodes. Electrodes and the wires connected to them draw a picture of the pulse on the machine screen. The pulse is presented by a winding line – the electrocardiogram. The diagram is analysed to see if the heart is working correctly.

Welcome to the laboratory with your child!



Tips for parents

A laboratory visit can be a stressful experience for a child. Tell your child about the tests in advance. This helps ease the child's fear and anxiety related to the laboratory tests. This booklet helps you prepare your child for the visit.

Before the visit

Book an appointment for sample collection. For a child you need to book a longer appointment from section "Blood tests and/or urine tests and/or electrocardiogram (ECG)" or two consecutive appointments from section "Blood tests".

Tell your child in advance that the needle can hurt or sting a little. It is important that the child will not be surprised by the pain. You can numb the injection site before the appointment. Numbing creams sold in pharmacies without a prescription are suitable or this purpose. Follow the instructions and apply the "magic ointment" on the bends of both elbows before the appointment.

Sample collection

Distracting the child during the sample collection can help relieve their tension. For example, the child can bring a comforting toy to the laboratory. You can also hum or sing the child their favourite song.

Remember!

It is important that the parent remains calm during the appointment. The child can sense the parent's nervousness. The parent may also stay in the waiting room for the duration of the sample collection.

